not made promptly by Mortgagor. Proceeds shall be paid directly to the Bank who may compromise with any insurance company and make a final settlement which shall be binding upon Mortgagor. The Bank may, at its election, apply the proceeds to the reduction of the Indebtedness of the restoration or repair of the Property.

4.3 At least 30 days prior to the expiration of any policy, a salisfactory renewal or substitute policy shall be secured by Mortgagor.

5. Reserves; Mortgage Insurance Premiums.

5.1 The Bank may require Mortgagor to maintain reserves for payment of taxes (including special assessments and other charges against the Property by governmental or quasi-governmental bodies) or premiums on insurance or both. The reserves shall be created by payment each month to the Bank of an amount determined by the Bank to be sufficient to produce, at least 30 days before they are due, amounts equal to or in excess of the taxes or insurance premiums to be paid. If at the time that payments are to be made the reserve for either taxes or insurance premiums is insufficient, Mortgagor shall upon demand pay such additional sum as the Bank shall determine to be necessary to cover the required payment.

5.2 If the Bank carries insurance covering the repayment of all or any part of the Indebtedness, the premiums for such insurance shall be paid by Mortgagor, and the Bank may require Mortgagor to maintain a reserve for such purpose in the same manner as for taxes and insurance.

5.3 If Mortgagor desires to carry a package plan of insurance that includes coverage in addition to that required under this mortgage, the Bank may at its option establish and administer a reserve for that purpose. In such event the premium attributable to the required insurance coverage shall be quoted separately, and the Bank may permit Mortgagor to furnish a certificate of insurance rather than deposit the policy as required in 4.2: If at any time the Bank holds an insufficient amount in the insurance reserve to cover the premium for the entire package policy, the Bank may, at its discretion, pay only that portion of the premium attributable to the required insurance coverage. If the blanket policy does not permit such partial payment, the Bank may use the reserve funds for the premium on a new, separate policy providing the required insurance coverage and allow the package policy to lapse. The Bank may from time to time establish reasonable service charges for the collection and disbursement of premiums on package plan insurance.

6. Expenditures by the Bank.

If Mortgagor shall fail to comply with any provision of this mortgage, the Bank may, at its option, on Mortgagor's behalf take the required action and any amount that it expends in so doing shall be added to the Indebtedness. Amounts so added shall be payable on demand with interest at the rate of ten percent per annum from the date of expenditure. The rights provided for in this paragraph shall be in addition to any other rights or any remedies to which the Bank may be entitled on account of the default, and the Bank shall not by taking the required action cure the default so as to bar it from any remedy that it otherwise would have had.

7. Late Payment Penalty.

If any payment under the note is late by 15 days or more, the Bank may charge a penalty up to two cents for each dollar of payment so in arrears to cover the extra expense involved in handling delinquent payments. Collection of a late payment charge shall not constitute a waiver of or prejudice the Bank's right to pursue any other right or remedy available on account of the delinquency.

8. Warranty; Defense of Title.

8.1 Mortgagor warrants that he holds merchantable title to the Properly in fee simple free of all encumbrances other than those enumerated in the title policy, if any, issued for the benefit of the Bank in connection with this transaction and accepted by the Bank.

8.2 Subject to the exceptions in 8.1 above, Mortgagor warrants and will forever defend the title against the lawful claims of all persons. In the event any action or proceeding is commenced that questions Mortgagor's title or the interest of the Bank under this mortgage, Borrower shall defend the action at his expense.

9. Condemnation.

9.1 If all or any part of the Property is condemned, the Bank may at its election require that all or any portion of the net proceeds of the award be applied on the indebtedness. The net proceeds of the award shall mean the award after payment of all reasonable costs, expenses and attorneys fees necessarily poid or incurred by Mortgagor and the Bank in connection with the condemnation.

9.2 If any proceedings in condemnation are filed, Mortgagor shall promptly take such steps as may be necessary to defend the action and obtain the award.

10. Imposition of Tax by State.

10.1 The following shall constitute state taxes to which this paragraph applies:

(a) A specific tax upon mortgages or upon all or any part of the Indebtedness secured by a mortgage.

(b) A specific tax on the owner of mortgaged property which the taxpayer is authorized or required to deduct from payments on the mortgage.





(c) A tax on mortgaged premises chargeable against the mortgagee or the holder of the note secured.

(d) A specific tax on all or any portion of the Indebtedness or an payments of principal and interest made by a mortgagor.

10.2 If any state tax to which this paragraph applies is enacted subsequent to the date of this mortgage, this shall have the same effect as a default, and the Bank may exercise any or all of the remedies available to it in the event of a default unless the following conditions are met.

(a) Mortgagor may lawfully pay the tax or charge imposed by the state tax, and

(b) Mortgagor pays or offers to pay the tax or charge within 30 days after notice from the Bank that the tax law has been enacted.

1. Transfer by Mortgagor.

11.1 Mortgagor shall not, without the prior written consent of the Bank, transfer Mortgagor's interest in the Property, whether or not the transferee assumes or agrees to pay the Indabtadness. If Mortgagor or a prospective transferee applies to the Bank for consent to such a transaction, the Bank may require such information concerning the transferee as would normally be required from a new loan applicant. The Bank shall not unreasonably withhold its consent.

11.2 As a condition of its consent to any transfer, the Bank may in its discretion impose a service charge not exceeding one percent of the original amount of the Indebtedness, and may increase the interest rate of the Indebtedness by not more than one percent per annum.

11.3 No transfer by Mortgagor shall relieve Mortgagor of liability for payment of the Indebtedness. Following a transfer, the Bank may agree to any extension of time for payment or modification of the terms of this mortgage or the promissory note or waive any right or remedy under this mortgage or the promissory note without relieving Mortgagor from liability. Mortgagor waives notice, presentment and protest with respect to the Indebtedness.

12. Security Agreement; Financing Statements.

12.1 This instrument shall constitute a security agreement with respect to any personal property included within the description of the Property

12.2 Mortgagor shall join with the Bank in executing one or more financing statements under the Uniform Commercial Code and shall file the statement at Mortgagor's expense in all public offices where filing is required to perfect the security interest of the Bank in any personal property under the Uniform Commercial Code.

13. Release on Full Performance

If Mortgagor pays all of the Indebtedness when due and otherwise performs all of its obligations under this mortgage and the note, the Bank shall execute and deliver to Mortgagor a suitable release and satisfaction of this mortgage and suitable statements of termination of any financing statements on file evidencing the Bank's security interest in personal property.

14. Default.

The following shall constitute events of default:

14.1 Failure of Mortgagor to pay any portion of the Indebtedness hen it is due.

14.2 Failure of Mortgagor within the time required by this mortgage to make any payment for taxes, insurance, or mortgage insurance premiums or for reserves for such payments, or any payment necessary to prevent filing of or discharge any lien.

14.3 Failure of Mortgagor to perform any other obligation under this mortgage within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Bank specifying the failure.

15. Rights and Remedies on Default.

15.1 Upon the occurrence of any event of default and at any time thereafter, the Bank may exercise any one or more of the following rights and remedies:

(a) The right at its option by notice to Borrower to declare the entire Indebtedness immediately due and payable.

(b) With respect to all or any part of the Property that constitutes realty, the right to foreclose by judicial foreclosure in accordance with applicable law.

(c) With respect to all or any part of the Property that constitutes personally, the rights and remedies of a secured party under the Uniform Commercial Code.

(d) The right, without notice to Mortgagor, to take possession of the Property and collect all rents and profits, including those past due and unpaid, and apply the net proceeds, over and above the Bank's costs, against the Indebtedness. In furtherance of this right the Bank may require any tenant or other user to make payments of rent or use fees directly to the Bank, and payments by such tenant or user to the Bank in response to its demand shall satisfy the obligation for which the payments are made, whether or not any proper grounds for the demand existed.

(e) The right in connection with any legal proceedings to have a receiver appointed to take possession of any or all of the





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Property, with the power to protect and preserve the Property and to operate the Property preceding foreclosure or sale and apply to declare a default and exercise its remedies under this paragraph 15. 15.5 In the event suit or action is instituted to enforce any of the