Vol. 80 rage M 4-22-80 U. S. DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF OREGON 1 2 3 ROBERT M. CHRIST, CLERK GY 4 DEFUT) 5 6 7 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON 9 10 UNITED STATES, Civil No. 75-914 Plaintiff, 11 12 and KLAMATH INDIAN TRIBE. 13 Plaintiff-Intervenor, 14 15 ٧. BEN ADAIR, et al., 16 DECLARATORY JUDGMENT 17 Defendants, 18 and THE STATE OF OREGON 19 Defendant-Intervenor. 20 IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED: 21 The Treaty of 1864 reserved rights already possessed by the 22 Klamath Tribe and its members to fish, hunt, trap and gather on the Klamath 23 Indian Reservation. 24 Said hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering rights for the Tribe, 25 2. its members on the final tribal roll, and for their descendants survived the 26 Klamath Termination Act. 27 In creating the Reservation by treaty in 1864 the Government reserved 28

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land from the public domain to preserve the Tribe's hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering rights and to encourage agriculture. The treaty granted the Tribe an implied right to as much water on the Reservation as was necessary to fulfill these purposes.

- The termination of the Reservation did not abrogate the Tribe's water rights. The Tribe is entitled to a quantity of water sufficient to maintain as wetlands the portion of the former Reservation lands now within the Klamath Marsh in order that habitat be preserved to support the game and fish necessary for the exercise of their hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering rights.
- Individual Indian land owners are entitled to use water essential to their agricultural needs when those needs arise, subject to the Tribe's superior rights to use the water for the preservation of hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering.
- 6. The termination of the Reservation and the disposition of all tribal land did not dispossess the Tribe of water rights essential to protect hunting and fishing rights. The Tribe has the same treaty hunting, fishing and water rights as its members, and it has standing to assert these rights on behalf of its members.
- * Exercise of the Tribe's water rights will protect the water rights asserted herein by the Government; the Government has standing to assert the same rights.
- With respect to forest lands outside former Reservation, which were witidrawn by the Government for national forest purposes in 1893, 1906, 1907, and 1930, the Government is entitled to water which was unappropriated when the forest lands were reserved and which is essential for timber production and conservation of water flow.
- 9. A non-Indian successor to an Indian allottee or to Tribal land acquires an appurtenant right to water for the actual acreage under irrigation when he acquires title from his Indian predecessor. The priority date of that 2 - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

 water right is 1864. The non-Indian also acquires a right, with a priority date of 1864, to water for additional acreage which heashe, with reasonable diligence, may place under irrigation. Once land passes out of Indian ownership, all subsequent conveyances are subject to the doctrine of prior appropriation.

- 10. The rights of the State of Oregon to water for land it acquired by succession to Indian allottees are the same as those of the individual non-Indian land owners in this action.
- 11. The priority date of the Tribe's hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering rights, and their water rights necessary to preserve these hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering rights is time immemorial.
- 12. The priority date of the Indians' water rights for irrigation and domestic purposes is 1864.
- 13. The priority date of the w_{-} ights of the United States for the national forest lands outside the Reservation is the date on which the Government withdrew each parcel for use as national forest.
- 14. For irrigation and domestic purposes, the non-Indian land owners and the State of Oregon are entitled to an 1864 priority date for water rights appurtenant to their land which formerly belonged to the Klamath Indians.
- 15. This Court retains jurisdiction of this case for a period of one year from the date a final judgment is entered in the State court, or if that judgment is appealed, from the date of the final judgment on appeal, for the purpose of enabling the parties or their successors in interest to apply to this court at any time for such orders and directions as may be necessary or appropriate for the construction and effectuation of this judgment, for the modification of any of the provisions hereof, and for the enforcement of compliance with this judgment. Subject to the continuing jurisdiction of this Court, quantification of the rights to the use of the waters of the Williamson River and its tributaries within the litigation area will be performed by the State of Oregon within its applicable 3 DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

	1 procedures.
	2 16. The Court directs that none of the parties or intervenors recove
	costs, disbursements, or attorneys fees in this case.
	4 Dated this 2
	Dated this 2/5t day of Que, 1980.
(Sus Man
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
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9	Presented by:
10	Thomas ()
11	I HOMO U. LEE, Accictant II C A.L.
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14	Kingmond Programme T
	RAYMOND CROSS
15	Of Attorneys for Plaintiff-Intervenor, Klamath Indian Tribe
16	Kramatir Indian Pribe
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18	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
	RETURN IN FIVE DAYS TO
19	UNITED STATES ATTORNEY STATE OF OREGON,)
20	POST OFFICE BOX 71
21	UNITED STATES COURTHOUSE Filed for record at request of
22	
23	on this 14th day of May A.D. 19 80
-	or 3:25 o'clock P M, and duly recorded in Vol. No. Deeds
24	
25	Certified to be a true and correct
26	copy of original filed in my office. By Dermina Hills Ch.
27	Robert M. Christ, Clerix By Sturm Flore 1 - Deputy
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