

accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow funds when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case, Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale per credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

4. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied first to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over the Security Instrument and household payments of ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay those obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in legal proceedings which, in Lender's opinion, operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess held by Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has failed to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 19, by ceasing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security instrument or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security instrument, proceeding in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable with interest upon notice from Lender to Borrower resuming payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premium required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premium required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost of the previous mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an ultimate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain those payments as a loss reserve in its mortgage portfolio. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspect any of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

10. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

In the event of a partial taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the taking is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the taking, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing.

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SECTION 10.14 RECORDED BY:

S&T CO.

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otherwise stated in writing or unless applicable law otherwise provides, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condemnor offers to make an award or within a certain time for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the proceeds, at its option, either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of such payments.

11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any successor in interest or refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

12. Successors and Assigns Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signature. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrower's covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note: (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without that Borrower's consent.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge under the Note.

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower provided for in this Security Instrument shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph; except as set forth below.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect the other provisions of the Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one confirmed copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person), unless Lender's power (when exercised) Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. This notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is delivered or mailed within which Borrower must pay all sums specified in this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. These conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the tenancy of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a party interested in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer and the address to which payments should be made. The notice will also contain any other information required by applicable law.

20. Hazardous Substances. Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, deposit, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substances or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substances affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) the failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate acceleration and sale. Payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further notice and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by applicable law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and costs of witnesses and evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall receive of gross proceeds from the sale a written statement of the amounts received. If the amount of recoveries received by Lender is less than the sum of the unpaid principal balance of the Note and the unpaid interest, Lender may sue for the deficiency. If the amount of recoveries received by Lender is greater than the sum of the unpaid principal balance of the Note and the unpaid interest, Lender may credit the excess to the principal balance of the Note.

shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) the date by which the Borrower must cure the default; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sum secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to repossess after acceleration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by applicable law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit, evidence, removal or storage, such real estate as may be necessary to satisfy the debt, and all other expenses of collection. Lender may also invoke the power of sale if Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall not be liable for damages resulting from the exercise of written notice of acceleration or sale if Lender uses the power of sale to satisfy the debt, and Lender may recover its expenses in connection with the exercise of such power.

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03-53-1804

**CONTRACT
PURCHASE DEED OF 19721**

COLLECTOR

3285

한국민족문화재

03-28-1964
Loan No 13881322

**FNMA/FHLMC DEED OF TRUST
(Continued)**

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COMMISSION

default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold and shall cause such notice to be recorded in each county in which any part of the Property is located in Lender or Trustee shall give notice of sale in the manner prescribed by applicable law of Borrower and to those persons prescribed by applicable law. After the time required by applicable law, Trustee without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale, in one or more parcels and in any order. Trustee shall have the right to sell any or all of any parcel of the Property by public auction, either in the same and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its successors may repossess the Property at any time.

The Recitals in the Trustee's Deed shall be deemed sufficient evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the Sale in the following order: (a) to all advances of the Lender including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorney's fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the persons or persons legally entitled to it and held in trust to be distributed.

23. Successor Trustee. Lender may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by applicable law.

24. Attorney's Fees. AS USED IN THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT AND IN THE NOTE, "ATTORNEY'S FEES" SHALL INCLUDE ANY ATTORNEY'S FEES AWARDED BY AN APPELLATE COURT.

[Large handwritten signature over the bottom of the page]

INDIVIDUAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OFFICIAL SEAL I DO HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I HAVE READ THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND THAT IT IS A TRUE STATEMENT OF THE FACTS AS THEY EXIST. I FURTHER STATE THAT I HAVE READ THE POLICY STATEMENT ON SECURITY INFORMATION CONTROLS ATTACHED HERETO AND THAT I UNDERSTAND AND AGREE WITH THE POLICIES SET FORTH THEREIN.
JESSICA WHITATCH
FEBRUARY 20, 2002
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON
COMMISSION NO. D220481
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MAY 07, 2014

COUNTY OF Kingsbury APPROVED INTEGRITY DOCUMENT BY THE CLERK'S OFFICE OF THE COUNTY OF KINGSBURY IN THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA
ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF KINGSBURY, SOUTH DAKOTA
SPECIAL ELECTION DAY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-FIVE, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTY-THREE.

On this day before me, the undersigned Notary Public personally witnessed Frank R. Stonier and Christy L. Stonier, to me known to be the individuals described in and who executed the Deed of Trust and Acknowledged and signed the Deed of Trust as this free and voluntary act in consideration of the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-Four Thousand One Hundred and Sixty Dollars and Sixty-Five Cents, more or less, paid by the said Frank R. Stonier and Christy L. Stonier to the undersigned Notary Public, for the use and purposes herein mentioned.

NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE STATE OF NEW YORK, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT MY COMMISSION TO PRACTICE AS A NOTARY PUBLIC IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK IS EXPIRED ON NOVEMBER ELEVEN, ONE THOUSAND NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY-SEVEN.

AS VOLUNTÀRIES DE URGÊNCIA, A QUITAR, DEDICAR, E OFERIR-SE, E TORNAR-SE VITÓRIAS, CADA UM, PELA PROPRIEDADE QUE O SISTEMA, A VIDA, DEDICAM A NOSSENTRAS, DEDICANDO-NAS AS SUAS POSSIBILIDADES, E OS SEUS EXCEPCIONAIS PODERES, PARA QUE NÓS PODEMOS, TAMBÉM, SER VITÓRIAS, E VENCERMOS, DA MÍSTICA, NO SISTEMA, QUE NÓS VIVEMOS.

which is to be done in the first place, is to make the best use of the time available.

YAHOO! TUTTI SONO ANCHE POLAROID CHE VUOLE COMPRARE IL BREVETTO. MA INVECE DI FARLO, HANNO DECIDUTO DI VENDERE IL BREVETTO A UNA SOCIETÀ CHIUSA CON UNA CLAUSOLA SEGRETA. E' STATA LA CLAUSOLA SEGRETA A FARLA DIVENTARE UNA DIFESA CONTRO LE OLTRE 10 MILIONI DI PERSONE CHE SONO IN possesso di un'apparecchiatura Polaroid.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY / BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

11. DÉS DE LA FIN DE LA CONVENTION, LE GOUVERNEMENT, EN CONSÉQUENCE DES DISPOSITIONS DE LA LOI, DOIT FAIRE POUR QUE LA CONVENTION SOIT RÉVOCÉE, ET QU'ELLE NE SOIT PLUS APPLIQUÉE À LA PROVINCE.

REVIEWERS ARE REQUESTED TO RETURN THE BOOKS TO THE LIBRARY OF THE STATE COLLEGE OF EDUCATION IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT.
REVIEWERS FOLLOWING THE USE OF THE FACULTY READING LIST SHOULD NOT FAIL TO RETURN THE BOOKS SO REVIEWED IN TIME FOR USE.

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EXHIBIT "A"

S1/2 NW 1/4 SE 1/4 of Section 1, Township 46 South, Range 11 East of the
Willamette Meridian, Klamath County, Oregon.

TOGETHER WITH a perpetual easement described as the South 20 feet of Block 6S,
Lot 9 of the Fifth Addition to Niumud River Park as shown on the map in
official records of Klamath County, State of Oregon, for roadway purposes for
the purpose of ingress and egress to and from the property.

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF KLAMATH, ss.

Filed for record at request of Mountain Title Co. the 1st day
of April 1994 at 10:36 AM and duly recorded in Vol. 1 M94
of Mo. Regs. on May 3, 1994 by Leanne M. McLean, County Clerk
FEE \$10.00