Vol. MO4 Page 16775

State of Oregon, County of Klamath Recorded 03/25/2004 3:34 p m Vol M04 Pg 16775 -16785 Linda Smith, County Clerk Fee \$ 71,00 # of Pgs

After Recording Return to: PROBLIER INVESTMENT CO. DEA RAINLAND 1200 EXECUTIVE PEWY \$430A EUGERE, OR 97401

Title Order Ho.: 0064148 Hearow Ho.: NT64148-SH LOAM #: RO4-2840

...[Space Below This Line For Astrowledgment

DEED OF TRUST

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 15, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated NARCE 22, 2004, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Bostower" in Karen D. Sierecke-Hayes, as eer sole and separate property.

Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is PROFITER INVESTMENT CO. DER RATHLAND MORTGAGE COMPANY.

Lender is a COMPORATION ORNIGON. #430A, NUGERE, OR 97401.

organized and existing under the lews of Lender's address is 1200 EXECUTIVE PRITY

Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. (D) "Trustee" is AMERITITE.

(F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."
 (Q) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security instrument, plus interest.

OREGON-Bingle Femily-Famile Mac/Freddle Nee UNFORM SNETRUMENT 6 1999-2002 Online Documents, Inc. Page 1 of 9

nitials: THE

Mobile

(A) "Didona" morne of Dislom to the	a Casualty factor report that are arrested to	LOAN \$ 104-2840	
executed by Borrower (check box	e Security instrument that are executed by as applicable!:	Dorrower, The following Riders are to be	
Adjustable Rate Rider	Condominium Rider	Second Home Rider	
Balloon Rider	Planned Unit Development Rider	X Other(s) [specify] PREPAYMENT	
1-4 Family Rider	Blweekly Payment Rider	RIDER	
(i) "Applicable Law" meens all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable finel, non-appealable judicial ophions. (J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, tees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominism association, homeowners association or similar organization. (K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated tailer machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, whe transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers. (L) "Escrow items" means those items that are described in Section 3. (M) "Milecellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third perty (other than insurance proceeds paid under the overanges described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in itsu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property. (N) "Milecellaneous Proceeds" means insurance proteoting learner against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan. (O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security instrument. (P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2801 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation or regulation that governs the same subject matter, As used in this Securit			
Oregon 97601 ("F [Zp Code] TOGETHER WITH all the improvant fibtures now or hereafter a part instrument. All of the foregoing is: BORROWER COVENANTS the and convey the Property and that the and will defend generally the title to: THIS SECURITY INSTRUMEN limited variations by jurisdiction to UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borro. 1. Payment of Principal, into when due the principal of, and intendue under the Note. Borrower she Note and this Security Instrument, by Lender as payment under the N ary or all subsequent payments du forms, as selected by Lander: (a) of	roperty Address"): rements now or herester erected on the proof the property. All replacements and addition the proof the property. All replacements and additions are the property is unencumbered, except for enthe Property is unencumbered, except for enthe Property against all claims and demand if combines uniform security instrument occurrent and tender coverant and agree as a seriest, Escrow items, Prepayment Charge as ton, the debt evidenced by the Nots and all also pay funds for Escrow items pursus shall be made in U.S. currency, However, one or this Security instrument is eumed the Nots and this Security instruments; (b) money order; (c) certified check, is drawn upon an institution whose de	sperty, and all essements, appurtenances, done shall also be covered by this Security he "Property." ereby conveyed and has the right to grant cumbrances of record. Borrower warrants a, subject to any encumbrances of record. hal use and non-uniform coverants with covering real property. Indicate the Charges, Borrower shall pay any prepayment charges and late charges int to Section 3. Payments due under the if any check or other histrument received to Lender unpeld, Lender may require that be taked in one or more of the following sank check, treasurer's check or cashier's	

Form 3036 1/01

Page 2 of 9

OREGON-Single Femily Femile Mee/Freddie blas UNUFORM INSTRUMENT © 1999-2002 Online Documents, Inc. Page 2 of 9

LOBE #: B04-2840

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15, Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the tuture against Lander shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in the Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender stall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts

due under this Security instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lander receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments If, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any exce the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall

not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escreen Items. Borrower shall pay to Lander on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) lessehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (o) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrew items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lander the Funds for Escrow items unless Lender walves Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Engrow Items, Lender may walve Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Engrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, If Lender requires, shall furnish to Lander receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower falls to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lander may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lander shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future

Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lander shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lander shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, ennually analyzing the secrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lander pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lander to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lander shall not be required to pay Borrower eny interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lander shall account to Borrower for the exc tunds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in secrow, as defined under RESPA, Lander shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds hold in secrow, as defined under RESPA. Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any

Funds held by Lender.

 Charges; Lions. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property. liany, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, If any. To the extent that these items are Escrow items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long s Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good falth by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the li-

OREGON-Single Family-Fennie Mee/Freddie Nee UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Page 3 of 9 @ 1800-2002 Online Documents, Inc.

Form 2003 1/01

proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the flen an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real setate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower falls to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or less coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lander under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from

Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgages and/or as an additional loss payes. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall

Include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgages and/or as an additional loss payes.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically lessible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically eable or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandone the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lander may negotiate and settle the claim. The 50-day period will begin when the notice is given. in either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums peld by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay

amounts unpeld under the Note or this Security instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, cetablish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lander otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically teasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if demaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

Ferm 3036 1/01 Page 4 of 9

OREGON-Single Family-Patrole Mac/Freddie Mac UNEFORM INSTRUMENT • 1989-2002 Online Documents, Inc.

LORE #: RO4-2840

- 8. Borrower's Loan Application, Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrow or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially ise, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lander (or falled to provide Lander with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
- 9. Protection of Lander's interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower falls to perform the coverants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (o) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or seesesing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a ilen which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' tees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender dose not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be

payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. Borrower shall not surrender the lessehold estate and interests herein conveyed or terminate or cancel the ground lesse. Borrower shall not, without the express written consent of Lender, alter or amend the ground lease. If Borrower sequires fee title to the

Property, the lessehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lander agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an atternate mortgage insurer selected by Lander. If substantially equivalent Mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lander the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage cessed to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a nonrefundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Montgage insurance, if Lender required Mortgage insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiume for Mortgage insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiume required to maintain Mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lander providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if

Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lander, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized se) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurar's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lander takes a share of the insurar's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage incurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for

Mortgage insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - If any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1996 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortg insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage insurance premiume that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Applyment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and

shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically leasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period/ Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken progriptly. Lander may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is

OREGON-Single Ferrily-Pennie Mac/Freddie Mae UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Page 5 of 9 @ 1999-2002 Online Documents, Inc.

Form 3086 1/01 Initials

LOBE #: RO4-2840

completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any Interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically issuible or Lender's security would be issuened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the stoces, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lander otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument whether or not

the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or If, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower falls to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repeir of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or oriminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order

provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lander Not a Walver, Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security instrument granted by Lander to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lander shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a walver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-algners; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-algns this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-algner"); (a) is co-algning this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-algner's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or

the Note without the oc-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lander agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

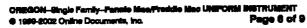
14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower less for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lander's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' less, property inspection and valuation less. In regard to any other less, the absence of express suthority in this Security instrument to charge a specific less to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such less than any not charge less that are expressly prohibited by this Security instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limits, and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a weiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrower unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lander. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address.

Form 9098 1/01

Initials



LOBE #: R04-2840

then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designal notice address under this Security instrument at any one time. Any notice to Landershall be given by delivering it or by mailing It by first class mall to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower.

Any notice in connection with this Security instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lander. If any notice required by this Security instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law

requirement will eatisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

18. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be stent, but such elience shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the confloting provision.

As used in this Security instrument: (a) words of the meaculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and

(c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or secrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender II such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument, if Borrower falls to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have

the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) curse any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security instrument, including, but not fimited to, secnable attorneye' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashter's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer, Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other Information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security instrument, until such Borrower or Lander has notified the other party (with such notice given in compilance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, poliutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or todo petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materiale containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

OREGON-Bingle Family-Pennie Mae/Freditte Mae UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 9006 1/01 Page 7 of 9 @ 1999-2002 Online Documents, Inc.

Initials

LOBE \$1 RO4-284D

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not fimited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learne, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary. Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lander for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS, Borrower and Lender further governant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any ocvenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be curred; and (d) that failure to cure the date to or before the date specified in the notice may result on or before the date specified in the notice after acceleration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, researable attorneys' fees and coate of title explaines.

If Lander invokes the power of sale, Lender shall execute or cause Trustee to execute a written notice of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to sause the Property to be sold and shall occur another to be recorded in each county in which any part of the Property is located. Lender or Trustee shall give notice of sale in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law to Borrower and to other percone prescribed by Applicable Law, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of all or any parcel of the Property by public announcement at the time and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facile evidence of the truth of the streaments made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security instrument, Lender shall request Trustee.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge such person or persons a fee for reconveying the Property, but only if the fee is paid to a third party (such as the Trustee) for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Substitute Trustee. Lender may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

25. Attorneys' Fees. As used in this Security instrument and in the Note, attorneys' fees shall include those awarded by an appellate court.

28. Protective Advances. This Security instrument secures any advances Lander, at its discretion, may make under Section 9 of this Security instrument to protect Lander's interest in the Property and rights under this Security instrument.

27. Reculred Evidence of Property Insurance.

WARNING

Unless you provide us with evidence of the insurance coverage as required by our contract or loan agreement, we may purchase insurance at your expense to protect our interest. This insurance may, but need not, also protect your interest. If the collected becomes damaged, the coverage we purchase may not pay any claim you make or any claim made against you. You may later cancel this coverage by providing evidence that you have obtained property coverage elsewhere.

You are responsible for the cost of any insurance purchased by us. The cost of this insurance may be added to your contract or loan balance. If the cost is added to your contract or loan balance, the interest rate on the underlying contract or loan will apply to this added amount. The effective date of coverage may be the date your prior coverage lapsed or the date you failed to provide proof of coverage.

The coverage we purchase may be considerably more expensive than insurance you can obtain on your own and may not satisfy any need for property damage coverage or any mandatory liability insurance requirements imposed by Applicable Law.

OREGON-Single Family-Famile Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM SISTRUMENT Form 5088 1/01 @ 1888-2002 Chille Documents, Inc. Page 5 of 9

Initial

ORUDIERO

LOBE #: R04-2840

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Kann N Siebeck - Harg

State of OREGON This instrument was admowledged before by Kall D. All Dec	County of: 5 Klamath March 23, 2004
OFFICIAL BIAL	Mary M. Howard
STACY M HOWARD NOTARY PUBLIC- CREGON COMMISSION NO. 374849 NY COMMISSION EXTRES NOV 18, 20079	EMAN Offices Fiele (and Rank) Ny commission expires: 11 18 2007

OREGON-Single Family-Famile Mas/Freddie blac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 8006 1/01 @ 1609-2002 Online Documents, Inc.

ORUDEED

EXHIBIT "A" LEGAL DESCRIPTION

All that portion of Lots 5 and 6 in Block 30 of HOT SPRINGS ADDITION to the City of Klamath Falls, according to the official plat thereof on file in the office of the County Clerk of Klamath County, Oregon, described as follows:

Beginning at a point 90 feet Southwesterly from the most Easterly corner of said Lot 6; thence Southwesterly 40 feet to the most Southerly corner of said Lot 6; thence at right angles to Manzanita Street in said City of Klamath Falls in a Northwesterly direction 100 feet to the most Northerly line of said Lot 5; thence Northeasterly along the most Northerly line of said Lot 5, 40 feet; thence Southeasterly 100 feet to the point of beginning.

Tax Account No.:3809-028BC-13300-000

Key No.:

216698

LOBE #1 R04-2840

NOTICE TO THE BORROWER

Do not sign this loan agreement before you read it. This Addendum provides for the payment of a penalty if you wish to repay the lean prior to the maturity date provided for in the Note and Deed of Treat.

PREPAYMENT RIDER

day of HARCH, 2004, and is incorporated into and shall be This Prepayment Rider is made this 22HD deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to score Borrower's Note (the "Note") to FROSTIER INVESTMENT CO. DEA RAINLAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, AN ORREGON CORPORATION

(the "Leader")

of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument and located at 1881 MARKARITA STREET

KLAMATH FALLS, OR 97601

(the "Property").

Additional Covenants. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Note or Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

Borrower has the right to make payments of principal at any time before they are due. A payment of principal only is known as a "prepayment." A "full prepayment" is the prepayment of the entire unpaid principal due under the Note. A payment of only part of the unpaid principal is known as a "partial propayment."

5 year period beginning with the date Borrower executes the Note (the "Penalty If, within the Period'), Borrower makes a full prepayment, or partial prepayment in any twelve (12)-month period that exceeds 20% of the original principal loss amount, Berrower will pay a prepayment charge as consideration for the Note Holder's acceptance of such prepayment. The prepayment charge will equal the amount of interest that would accroe during a six (6)-mouth period on the amount prepaid that exceeds 20% of the original principal balance of the Note, calculated at the rate of interest in effect under the terms of the Note at the time of prepayment, unless otherwise problished by applicable law or regulation. No prepayment charge will be assessed for any prepayment occurring after the Penalty Period.

Not withstanding the foregoing, in the event of a full prepayment concurrent with a bona fide sale of the Property to an 1 year(s) of the term of the Note, no propayment penalty will be assessed. In the imrelated third party after the first event, Borrower agrees to provide the Note Holder with evidence acceptable to the Note Holder of such sale.

By signing below, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Prepayment Ride

603B2-OR 11/15/99 Online Documents, Inc.

TS430R2 0110